#### ENCAPSULATING REACTING BEHAVIOUR IN GOAL-BASED PLANS FOR PROGRAMMING BDI AGENTS

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## Reasoning Cycle



# Dropping Achieved Intentions

- $i \in C_I$   $i = [p_1, \ldots, p_n]$  $ag_{bs} \models \operatorname{GCond}(p_i)$  for some  $j, 1 \le j \le n$
- $\langle ag, C, M, T, Clrlnt \rangle \longrightarrow \langle ag, C', M, T, Clrlnt \rangle$
- *j* is the least number in [1..n] s.t. where:  $ag_{bs} \models \operatorname{GCond}(p_i)$  $C'_{I} = C_{I} \setminus \{i\} \cup \{[p_{1}, \ldots, p_{j-1}]\}$

 $(CLRINT_1)$ 

 The RelPlans and AppPlans functions also need to be adapted

### Abstract Syntax

ag	::=	bs gs ps
bs	::=	$b_1$
gs	::=	$g_1 \cdot \cdot \cdot$
ps	::=	$p_1 \cdots$
p	::=	$g f_c f_g$
r	::=	$(+b \mid -b)$
pr	::=	$p \mid r$
t	::=	g   +b
h	::=	$d_1$
d	::=	a   g

 $b_n$   $g_n$   $p_n$   $h pr_1 \dots pr_n$  f h

 $(n \ge 0)$  $(n \ge 0)$  $(n \geq 1)$  $(n \geq 0)$ 

 $d_n$ 

 $(n \geq 0)$ 

# Agent Initialisation

Algorithm 1 Agent Initialisation

**Require:** an initial agent program  $ag = \langle bs, gs, ps \rangle$ 

- 1:  $B \leftarrow bs$
- 2:  $E \leftarrow \{\}$
- 3: for all  $g \in gs$  do
- 4:  $E \leftarrow E \cup \{\langle g, [] \rangle\}$

5: 
$$P \leftarrow ps$$

- 6:  $I \leftarrow \{\}$
- 7: while true do

 $S \leftarrow \text{current\_percepts}$ 8:

- GENERATE\_EVENTS(S) 9:
- $action \leftarrow \text{REASONING}_CYCLE()$ 10:
- EXECUTE(action) 11:

## Event Generation from Percepts

Algorithm 2 Event Generation		
Red	quire: external variables l	
1:	<b>function</b> GENERATE_EVE	
2:	S is a set of percepts	
3:	for all $s \in S$ do	
4:	<b>if</b> <i>s</i> ∉ <i>B</i> <b>then</b>	
5:	$B \leftarrow B \cup \{s\}$	
6:	$E \leftarrow E \cup \{ \langle +s,$	
7:	for all $b \in B$ do	
8:	if $b \notin S$ then	
9:	$B \leftarrow B \setminus \{b\}$	
10:	$E \leftarrow E \cup \{ \langle -b \}$	

on from Percepts

- B, E
- NTS(S)
- s from the agent's sensors

 $, [] \rangle \}$ 

 $, [] 
angle \}$ 

## Reasoning Cycle: Achieved Goals

Algorithm 3 Reasoning Cycle

**Require:** external variables *B*, *E*, *P*, *I* 1: **function** REASONING\_CYCLE

- Drop all achieved goals 2:
- for all  $i \in I$  do 3:

4:

5:

8:

- $i'' \leftarrow [p_j[h_j]] \in i$
- 6:
- if  $B \models f_q$  then 7:

**for** j = LENGTH(i) down to 1 **do**  $\triangleright$  From bottom to top let  $p_i = \langle t, f_c, f_q, h, pr_1, \dots, pr_n \rangle$  $I \leftarrow I \setminus \{i\} \cup \{\text{REMOVE}(i'', i)\}$ 

# RC: Handling an Event 1

9:	⊳ Handle an event
10:	$se \leftarrow \text{select}_ev(E)$
11:	let $se = \langle t, i \rangle$
12:	if $i = \{\} \land t : (+b \mid -b)$
13:	for all $i \in I$ do
14:	$rps = GET_RELE$
15:	$aps = \text{Get}_Appi$
16:	if $aps \neq \{\}$ the
17:	r = SELECT
18:	let $r = \langle tfh$
19:	let $i = [p_1[h]]$
20:	$i^{\prime\prime} \leftarrow [p_1[h,$
21:	$I \leftarrow I \setminus \{i\}$

b) then > external belief event
> may trigger a r.r. in each intention
EVANT(t, i, {}) > search entire i
LICABLE(rps)

#### n

OPT(aps)  $a > a_1, i' = 1$   $b_1, i' = 1$   $b_1, i' = 1$   $b_1 = 1$  $b_1$ 

### RC: Handling an Event 2

22:	<b>else if</b> $i = \{\} \land t : g $ <b>t</b>
23:	$rps \leftarrow \text{Get_relev}$
24:	$aps \leftarrow \text{Get_Appli}$
25:	<b>if</b> <i>aps</i> ≠ {} <b>then</b>
26:	$p \leftarrow \text{SELECT}_C$
27:	let $p = \langle t, f_c, f$
28:	if $B \not\models f_g$ then
29:	$I \leftarrow I \cup \{[$
30:	else if $i \neq \{\} \land t : g t$
31:	$rps \leftarrow \text{Get_relev}$
32:	
33:	$aps \leftarrow \text{Get_Appli}$
34:	<b>if</b> <i>aps</i> ≠ {} <b>then</b>
35:	$p \leftarrow \text{select_c}$
36:	let $p = \langle t, f_c, f$

37: **if**  $B \not\models f_g$  **then** 38:  $I \leftarrow I \setminus \{i\}$ 

then  $\triangleright$ VANT $(t, [], {})$ ICABLE(rps)

external goal eventsearch only in P

```
- SELECT_OPT(aps)

p = \langle t, f_c, f_g, h, pr_1, \dots, pr_n \rangle

B \not\models f_g then

I \leftarrow I \setminus \{i\} \cup \{\text{PUSH}(p[h], i)\}
```

# RC: Executing an Intention

39:	Execute a step of an
40:	$i \leftarrow \text{select_int}(I)$
41:	let $i = [p_1[d_1, h_1], i']$
42:	if $d_1 : g$ then
43:	$E \leftarrow E \cup \{\langle d_1, i \rangle\}$
44:	action $\leftarrow$ REASONI
45:	return action
46:	else if $d_1 : a$ then
46: 47:	else if $d_1 : a$ then $i'' \leftarrow [p_1[h_1], i']$
46: 47: 48:	else if $d_1 : a$ then $i'' \leftarrow [p_1[h_1], i']$ $I \leftarrow I \setminus \{i\} \cup \{i''\}$
46: 47: 48: 49:	else if $d_1 : a$ then $i'' \leftarrow [p_1[h_1], i']$ $I \leftarrow I \setminus \{i\} \cup \{i''\}$ return $d_1$
46: 47: 48: 49: 50:	else if $d_1 : a$ then $i'' \leftarrow [p_1[h_1], i']$ $I \leftarrow I \setminus \{i\} \cup \{i''\}$ return $d_1$ > See note in the text a

intention

ING\_CYCLE()

about empty stacks

# Retrieving Relevant Plans

Algorithm 4 Retrieving Rele	
Rea	<b>quire:</b> external variable <i>P</i>
1:	function GET_RELEVANT
2:	<b>if</b> <i>i</i> ≠ {} <b>then</b>
3:	let $p[h] = \text{HEAD}(i)$
4:	for all $pr \in p$ do
5:	if relevant(p
6:	$rps \leftarrow rps$
	$GET\_RELEVANT(t,$
7:	else
8:	for all $p \in P$ do
9:	if relevant(p
10:	$rps \leftarrow rps$
11:	return rps

#### evant Plans

)

r(t,i,rps)

)

pr,t) then  $s \cup \{pr\}$ , TAIL(*i*), *rps*)

check for relevant top-level plans
 p,t) then

 $\cup \{p\}$ 

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